



**NOVA**®  
E N G I N E S

**ENGINE USERS GUIDE**

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## INTRODUCTION

Congratulations for the purchase of this race engines. This engine has been projected and developed with the most advanced technologies available and the best material have been used to achieve the best performance and reliability.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

Always remember:

- This engine is not a toy but a high-performance engine; misuse can result in injury to you or others;
- This engine has been developed for use on a RC model car exclusively;
- During and right after engine operating, keep children out of reach of the model car and engine.

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

As owner and user you are responsible for the safe and proper use of the engine. We encourage utmost care and prudence when you use the engine.

Always be aware of the following dangers.

**Failure to comply with one of following points can lead to serious injuries to the user or to others!**



**Poisoning  
warning!**

The fuel used to power the engine is toxic. Store it in a safe location out of the reach of children. In the event of ingestion or contact with the eyes, immediately wash with water and refer to a Doctor.

Don't operate the engine in closed spaces. As with full size cars, exhaust gases are toxic and asphyxiating (combustion residues, carbon monoxide). Operate the engine on open spaces only.





**Fire  
warning!**

Fuel is highly flammable; do not smoke while handling it. Keep the fuel bottle away from heat sources or open flames.



**Burn  
warning!**

When running, the engine produces considerable heat, in particular near the cooling head and the exhaust system. Don't touch the engine or any of its parts until it has completely cooled down.



**Injury  
warning!**

While assembling, adjusting and servicing the engine, use proper tools and screw set.



**High noise  
level caution!**

Install a proper exhaust system; exposure to high noise levels can damage hearing.

## OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

Failure to comply with one of the following points can lead to serious damage to the engine. Warranty doesn't extend to these cases:

- Assemble the engine following instructions and suggestions; use proper tools;
- Before starting the engine, always check for correct tightening of screws and nuts (in particular those related to joint and removable parts, such as the carburettor retainer); loose or missing screws are a frequent reason of engine damage or erratic function;
- Avoid contact between battery or radio wires and rotating parts;
- To stop the engines, close the throttle and stop the fuel flow by squeezing the fuel pipe while the engine is idling;
- When starting the engine, avoid flooding the engine with too much fuel, as it can damage the engine with hydraulic locking. If the en-

gine is flooded, remove the Glow Plug, interrupt the fuel flow and spin the engine by hand to eliminate the excess fuel. Cover the engine head with a cloth to avoid fuel from spraying into your eyes.



*When the piston is near to the top dead center (TDC) and in cold conditions, it can be difficult to spin the engine, this is normal; the liner has a slightly conical shape which attains perfect geometry when the engine is running at optimal temperature. Maybe suggest heating the engine.*

## GENERAL INFORMATIONS

### FUEL

Only use fuel specifically formulated for RC car engines. This type of fuel is generally available in model shops and contain a Nitromethane percentage ranging from 10 to 16% and 25% for some parts of the world. During engine break-in, use fuel with 10% Nitromethane content. Once break-in procedure is completed (and only if needed) you can use with higher Nitromethane content improves engine performance but also effects the Glow Plug and engine longevity. Our engines are already tuned to use the following fuel:

- .12 Engines 16% Nitromethane
- .21 Engines 16%/25% di Nitromethane

Whenever you will decide to use fuel with different Nitromethane content compared with above mentioned ones, you should update the compression ratio of your engine (please contact your local dealer).



*Warning! Typical model car fuel are toxic; avoid ingestion and contact with eyes.*

### AIR FILTER

Use and proper care of the air filter are essential for engine longevity and performance. Soak the air filter with a good quality oil, such as the one usually supplied with the filter. Without the air filter, dust and dirt can enter the engine, possibly damaging the engine.





*Always use an air filter when running the engine.*

## **CARBURETTOR**

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The carburettor supplied with the engine is pre-set for the break-in procedure. After the break-in procedure is completed, it must be adjusted for the normal use conditions.

Carburettor have 3 adjustments available (needles):

**High speed needle, top screws:** adjust the fuel flow when the throttle is fully opened. Turning this needle clockwise, you'll lean the mixture; turning counter clockwise you make the mixture richer.

**Low speed needle, screw at the end of the carburettor slide:** tunes acceleration from idling, controls the idling; turning counter clockwise you make the mixture richer.

**Idle screw, the small screw on the side at an angle:** stop the carburettor slide from closing completely, set the engine idling. Turning this needle clockwise increases the idle RPM; turning it counter clockwise decreases the idle RPM. This screw and the low speed are to be used together to adjust the engine idling.



*Always check that the fuel supply circuit is perfectly sealed. Always tune the engine with small adjustments; engines are highly sensitive to carburettor setting.*

## **GLOW PLUG**

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Engines are sensitive to the glow plug type and weather conditions. We suggest you to always use Nova Engines glow plugs to achieve the best performance and stable running.

Install the glow plug carefully. Use a proper tool when you change the glow plug, make sure the glow plug is correctly installed into the thread before tightening it.

Check the glow plug filament regularly; unexpected engine stalling or irregular running can be caused by the oxidation or wear of the filament. The spiral shaped filament must have a bright silver colour (and glow brilliant orange when connected to glow starter).

A broken, impacted or missed filament is a serious condition which re-



quires inspection of the engine. The loss of the spiral filament can be caused by the mixture being too lean or the engine running too hot. Top end needle is screwed too far in. The engine needs more fuel. If not corrected can cause a damaged to the engine.

## EXHAUST SYSTEM

The exhaust system has two functions: it helps to reach best performance and reduces the noise levels produced by the engine. We suggest that you only use original NOVA ENGINES exhaust system.

While assembling, be careful to align all the parts correctly. Any mechanical stress on the exhaust system will cause inconsistent performance and will make the engine difficult to tune.



*Regularly check all the exhaust system parts and substitute them if they are damaged or worn.*

## OPERATING INSTRUCTION

### ENGINE INSTALLATION

Before installing the engine on the model car, check that the engine mount is flat. Flatness avoids distortions and deformations. It also allow the best dissipation through the chassis. Mount the engine so that the spur gear and the pinion are aligned and that the the gear mesh is correct; connect the fuel line and the pressure line. Tighten the motor mount screws; tighten the carburettor retainer once it is aligned with the linkage. Check the throttle linkage and verify that the carburettor if fully opening and closing and that the movement is free of mechanical binding.



*The piston in a cold engine will be hard to move and will almost get stuck near the top dead center: this is normal. The fit between the piston and liner has been designed to ensure optimal performance when higher temperatures are reached during normal running. Once the engine is warm, the piston will move much more freely.*



## STARTING THE ENGINE

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*Running the engine without an air filter can seriously damage the engine.*

Fill the tank with the correct fuel. Connect the tank to the carburettor. When starting the engine for the first time, plug the exhaust with a rag and rotate the crankshaft few second without using the plug ignitor. This will draw fuel into the engine and lubricate it before starting. Than, with the carburettor in the idle position, connect the glow plug ignitor, wait for about 2 seconds and start the engine. If the engine does not start or briefly start and then stalls, connect the glow plug ignitor for 5 seconds and then try again. This way the glow plug will burn the combustion.



*It's possible during engine start-up to have an hydraulic lock of the engine, due to flooding. Flooding happened when the cylinder fills up with too much fuel. If the engine is flooded, remove the glow plug, stop the flow of the engine and operate the engine to eliminate the fuel excess. Be careful to performance of the engine. Break-in will take some time to complete, but the benefits are worth the time spent.*

Always make adjustment in small increments during break-in: this is an important mind-set to conform to, especially when operating a new engine. Internal parts must be properly lubricated and reach the correct temperature before delivering maximum power. Using a lean fuel mixture or running the engine at high RPM during break-in will irremediably decrease its lifespan and performance.

### **Follow the procedure for a proper break-in:**

- Start the engine and let it run at idle for a complete fuel tank. The idling must be stable; if the RPM rise, open the idle screw of 1/4 turn; if the RPM decrease, close the idle screw 1/4 turn.
- After this first tank, let the engine cool down, making sure the piston is not on the dead center position.
- Move to the track, the goal is to operate the engine in realistic conditions, where the engine cooling is made by air flowing over



the head. Avoid the engine reaching high RPM. The engine sound should be of a low pitch, similar to that of a four-stroke engine. Smoke and unburned fuel should exit from the pipe. If the RPM rise too much at 80% throttle, immediately slow down and open the top end needle in 1/4 turn increments until lower RPM are achieved. Continue running this way for 250cc of fuel, but avoid running at full throttle for a long time.

- Once you have run 250cc through the engine, you can close the top and screw to achieve up to 80% of normal engine performance, and run the engine for 250cc fuel with higher RPM. Always make sure you see plenty of white smoke coming from the exhaust during this time.
- In the last phase (carburetion optimisation) you can reach the 90% of normal performance. Avoid engine overheating, which implies power loss. In this case, slow down immediately and open top end screw of 1/4 turn.



*During the break-in procedure the engine should maintain a regular idling and plenty of smoke should come from the exhaust pipe.*

## PRE-CARBURATION

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Correct carburetion of a car model engine requires patience and engine knowledge. Continuous trials and small incremental adjustments contribute to your experience and ability. Internal combustion engines are indeed difficult to tune; if you have persistent problems or don't feel confident, don't hesitate and ask your retailer for hints and suggestions.



*CAUTION: adjust only one needle at a time; tune the engine with small incremental adjustments. As you get closer to optimal performance, use 1/12 of a turn for incremental adjustments of the needle.*

Start and get the engine warm. Keeping the model stationary and secured, follow this procedure to adjust the needles:

- To adjust the top end needle: fully open the throttle. The engine should reach 80% power and stabilize. If the engine RPM rise too



much, close the throttle and open the top end needle 1/4 turn at a time; repeat the procedure till you achieve the best result. On the other hand, if the engine is flooded and makes a deep-toned roar (like a four stroke engine), close the top end needle 1/4 turn at a time until a good result is achieved.

- To adjust the idle: open and release the throttle. If the engine stalls, tighten the idle screw until the idling is stable. On the other hand, if the idling is too high, loosen the idle screw until you reach a constant idling.
- To adjust the bottom end: fully open the throttle and release it quickly. If the engine idles for 2-3 seconds and then the RPM further decrease, the low end is too rich: close the low end needle in small increments until the idling lasts for about 10-20 seconds and then the RPM suddenly rises, the low end is too lean. To help avoid a too lean mixture and in the long term a possible shortening of the engine lifespan.

Power loss and no visible smoke from the exhaust pipe are signs of bad carburetion. Slow down and revise the top end needle adjustment by opening it another 1/8 turn. Correct carburetion delivers good acceleration and produces a sharp roar at high RPM, with some smoke exhaust pipe.



*Carburetion depends on weather conditions, glow plug characteristics, fuel type and exhaust system. Each time one of these parameters changes, open the top end needle 1/4 turn and tune it again on the track. When the engine stalls, high temperature affect the carburettor and changes the idling stability, especially when the idling is too low. The engine tune will be back to normal after a few laps, when the temperature reaches normal levels again.*

## SHUTTING OFF THE ENGINE

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When you are done using the engine, disconnect the feeding pipe and let the engine idle until the fuel inside the engine is completely depleted.



*Don't leave unburned fuel inside the engine for long periods of time. The Nitromethane of the fuel can promote corrosion of in-*

ternal parts.

## MAINTENANCE



*Lack of engine maintenance will lead to premature wear and engine failure.*

Racing engine are very precise machines, correct use and maintenance are essential for a long life. Our warranty doesn't cover malfunctions or failures due to improper maintenance. Racing engines reach 40.000 RPM, therefore the stress on the moving parts are extreme.

We suggest that you regularly check and verify the following:

- The wear of the crankshaft and play between the conrod bushing and the crankshaft pin.
- If the compression is adequate.

Compare these characteristics with the ones of a brand new engine after break-in. If you have doubts on how to evaluate the result, ask you retailer for hints and suggestions.

Mechanical problems are often caused by:

- Poor fuel quality;
- Improperly maintained or installed air filter;
- Excessive wear of moving parts

Each of the above points requires regular checking and maintenance. When using the engine in racing conditions, we recommend that you replace the following parts every 5 litres of fuel:

- The conrod, as it's one of the most stressed parts in the engine;
- The ball bearings, as they are highly delicate;

To replace the parts, ask an experienced user with proper tools and skills, or ask your retailer.

## WARRANTY

Warranty covers all manufacturing defects of any engine parts which are found on first engine starting. The warranty covers all the parts, with the notable exceptions of the parts subject to wear and to ordinary maintenance such as conrod, bearings, crankshaft and silicon gasket. Warranty does not cover damage caused by improper engine use, improper or lack of maintenance, failure to comply with the instructions supplied with the product, use of poor quality fuel or use of non original accessories.

No liability will be accepted for any damage or injury resulting from the use of this product. By the act of operating this product, the user accepts all resulting liability.





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